Tables and Figures

Formatting and Labeling Tables and Figures in MLA Style (8th Edition)

Tables

Table 12

Number of Current University of Cincinnati Undergraduate Students with Bearcat® Tattoos

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Freshmen</th>
<th>Sophomore</th>
<th>Junior</th>
<th>Senior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


a. Note: “Bearcat” encompasses all variations of the mascot, including official and unofficial depictions.

Questions?

The Academic Writing Center
401N Langsam Library
Phone: 513-556-3912, uc.edu/awc

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Last Revised: March 2017
Figures

Figures = all illustrations/visuals, except musical scores & tables

“Figure” or “Fig.” followed by 1 space, Arabic number, period, 1 space

Align left (1” margins

Fig. 3. The earliest depiction of a Cincinnati Bearcat, drawn by cartoonist John “Paddy” Reece in 1914

Align however looks best within your text (no requirements)

Capitalize only proper nouns in the caption

Parenthetically cite the source in MLA format, replacing commas with semicolons

For in-text citation write “(see fig. 3)” Note: lowercase f in “fig” followed by period and corresponding Arabic number

If the source is only used once, you do not need to include in Works Cited page

Double spaced